

"Offering our community more than a home"

Code of Conduct for Governing Board Members

Management Committee submission: 26 November 2024

Last Approved: 26 March 2024

Date Approved: 26 November 2024

Next Review date: October 2027 (or when next

guidance is received)

CHA Objectives:

• To manage the houses provided, in a professional and cost-effective manner, for the benefit of our local community and the environment.

- To provide a first-class maintenance service which offers value for money and ensures the comfort and safety of our residents while achieving high levels of satisfaction
- To ensure that our resources are adequate to deliver our objectives by investing in our people, demonstrating value for money and through robust procurement practices.
- To promote social inclusion by applying principles of equality and diversity to everything we do.

Regulatory Standards:

- The governing body leads and directs the RSL to achieve good outcomes for its tenants and other service users.
- The RSL is open about and accountable for what it does. It understands and takes account of the needs and priorities of its tenants, service users and stakeholders. And its primary focus is the sustainable achievement of these objectives.
- The RSL manages its resources to ensure its financial well-being, while maintaining rents at a level that tenants can afford to pay
- The governing body bases its decision on good quality information and advice and identifies and mitigates risks to the organisation's purpose.
- The governing body and senior officers have the skills and knowledge they need to be effective
- The RSL conducts its affairs with honesty and integrity.

Any material breach or non-compliance with legislation/regulatory requirements in relation to this Policy constitutes a Notifiable Event and the Regulator will be informed via the SHR Portal.

If you have difficulty with reading this policy, including any difficulties with sight or hearing, or if you require this document translated into another language, please contact us and we will be happy to provide this information in a format that suits your needs.





Contents

Introduction	p2
Who our Code applies to and When	p4
How our Code Is structured	p4
The Principles	p5 – p11
Selflessness	p5
<u>Openness</u>	p6
<u>Honesty</u>	p7
<u>Objectivity</u>	p8
Integrity	р9
<u>Accountability</u>	p10
<u>Leadership</u>	p11
Breach of this Code	p12
Acceptance and Signature	p12
Appendix 1 – Supporting Guidance to the Code of Conduct for Man Committee Members	agement
Appendix 2: Protocol for Managing an Alleged/Suspected E	Breach of

Appendix 3: Flowchart Summarising Protocol Process

Code of Conduct

Introduction

- 1.1 All members of the Management Committee (Governing Body) must sign this Code of Conduct when they are elected, co-opted or appointed, and on an annual basis thereafter. References throughout this Code of Conduct (the Code) to 'we', 'us' and 'our' mean (Name of Organisation). The Code reflects our Values which are:
 - Respectful- we will treat all our customers with courtesy and respect
 - Accountable we will be open, honest and approachable and act with the highest integrity at all times
 - Responsive and Informative we will listen, respond and inform through effective and timely communication
 - Professional we will ensure we have the appropriate skills and strive for excellence in all aspects of our service
- 1.2 We attach the greatest importance to ensuring that high standards of governance and ethical behaviour are demonstrated by all of our people and in all of our activities.
- 1.3 This Code of Conduct sets out the requirements and expectations which are attached to your role as a member of our Governing Body. You have a personal responsibility to uphold the requirements of this Code. You cannot be a member of the Governing Body¹ if you do not agree to adopt this Code of Conduct. To confirm that you understand its requirements and accept its terms, you must review and sign this Code annually.
- 1.4 As a Registered Social Landlord (RSL), we are required to adopt and comply with an appropriate Code of Conduct². This Code is based on the Model Code of Conduct produced by the Scottish Federation of Housing Associations. The Scottish Housing Regulator (SHR) has confirmed that this Code fully complies with its Regulatory Standards and their input during the production of this code is acknowledged.
- 1.5 This Code of Conduct is an important part of our governance arrangements. Members of the Governing Body are responsible for ensuring that they are familiar with the terms of this Code and that they

¹ Our Rules state that the Management Committee can remove a member who fails to sign the Code of Conduct (Rule 44.5.2); it is a regulatory requirement that our Rules enable the Management Committee to take such action (SHR Regulatory Framework (2024) Constitutional Standard 19)

² Scottish Housing Regulator (2024) Regulatory Framework, Regulatory Standard 5.2

always act in accordance with its requirements and expectations. Governing Body Members must always ensure their actions accord with the legal duties of the RSL and with regulatory guidance. You must also ensure you are familiar with any policies which are linked to this code.

- 1.6 If there is a concern that a member of the Governing Body may have breached any part of this Code, the matter will be investigated in accordance with the Protocol that we have adopted. A serious breach of our Code may result in action being taken by the Governing Body to remove the Governing Body member(s) involved.
- 1.7 This Code of Conduct was reviewed and adopted by our Governing Body on 26th November 2024.

Who Our Code applies To and When

- 2.1 Our Code of Conduct applies to all elected, appointed and co-opted members of our Governing Body and its sub-committees and to the governing bodies of all subsidiaries and members of CHA.
- 2.2 The expectations of the Code apply in all settings and circumstances where our Committee members are representing us or acting on our behalf and where their conduct could reflect on our tenants /organisation and/or their reputation. The Code applies equally to conduct in person, virtually and on social media

How the Code is structured

- 3.1 Our Code is based on the seven principles which are recognised as providing a framework for good governance. They demonstrate honesty, integrity and probity.³
- 3.2 Each principle is described, as it applies to the activities of an RSL and its Governing Body Members, and supporting guidance is offered for each to provide more explanation of our Code's requirements. The guidance is not exhaustive and it should be remembered that CHA and our Governing Body Members are responsible for ensuring that their conduct at all times meets the high standards that the RSL sector is recognised for upholding.

The seven principles that you must adhere and commit to by signing this Code are:

- A. <u>Selflessness</u> (page 4)
- B. Openness (page 5)
- C. Honesty (page 6)
- D. Objectivity (page 7)
- E. Integrity (page 8)
- F. <u>Accountability</u> (page 9)
- G. <u>Leadership</u> (page 10)

³ Committee for Standards in Public Life (May 1995), Nolan Principles

A. Selflessness

You must act in the best interests of Clydebank Housing Association at all times and must take decisions that support and promote our strategic plan, aims and objectives. Members of the Governing Body should not promote the interests of a particular group or body of opinion to the exclusion of others.

- **A.1** I will always uphold and promote CHA's aims, objectives and values and act to ensure their successful achievement.
- **A.2** I will exercise the authority that comes with your role as a Governing Body member responsibly.
- **A.3** I will accept responsibility for all decisions properly reached by the Governing Body (or a sub-committee or working group with appropriately delegated responsibility) and support them at all times, even if you did not agree with the decision when it was made.
- **A.4** I will consider and respect the views of others
- **A.5** I will not seek to use my position to influence decisions that are the responsibility of staff
- **A.6** I will not seek to use my influence inappropriately or for personal gain or advantage or for the benefit of someone to whom I am closely connected⁴ or their business interests.

⁴ See Appendix 1, p13-15 for definition of "closely connected"

B. Openness

You must be transparent in all of your actions; you must declare and record all relevant personal and business interests and must be able to explain your actions.

- **B.1** I will use my best endeavours and exercise reasonable skill and care in the conduct of my duties.
- **B.2** I will avoid any situation that could give rise to suspicion or suggest improper conduct.
- B.3 I will declare any personal interest(s) and manage openly and appropriately any conflicts of interest; I will observe the requirements of our policy on the matter. I will keep my entry in the Register of Interests complete, accurate and up to date. I will make an annual statement to confirm my declarations are accurate.
- B.4 I will not accept any offers of gifts or hospitality from individuals or organisations which might reasonably create or be capable of creating an impression of impropriety or influence or place me under an obligation to these individuals or organisations. I will comply with CHA's policy on Entitlements, Payments and Benefits.
- **B.5** I will ensure that, in carrying out my role as a Governing Body member, I am informed about and take account of the views, needs and demands of tenants and service users
- **B.6** I will ensure that CHA is open about the way in which it conducts its affairs and positive about how it responds to requests for information.
- **B.7** I will not prevent people or bodies from being provided with information that they are entitled to receive.

C. Honesty

You must ensure that you always act in the best interests of the organisation and that all activities are transparent and accountable.

- **C.1** I will always act honestly and in good faith when undertaking my responsibilities as a Governing Body member.
- **C.2** I will use my experience, skills, knowledge and judgement effectively to support our activities.
- **C.3** I will ensure that decisions are always taken and recorded in accordance with our Rules and procedures.
- C.4 I will ensure that CHA has an effective whistleblowing policy and procedures to enable, encourage and support any staff or Governing Body member to report any concerns they have about possible fraud, corruption or other wrongdoing.⁵
- **C.5** I will report any concerns or suspicions about possible fraud, corruption or other wrongdoing to the appropriate senior person within the organisation in accordance with our whistleblowing policy.
- C.6 I will comply with our policies and procedures regarding the use of our funds and resources⁵ and I will not misuse, contribute to or condone the misuse of these resources
- C.7 We forbid all forms of bribery, meaning a financial or other advantage or inducement intended to persuade someone to perform improperly any function or activity. I will neither accept from nor give bribes or any other inducement to anyone. I will comply with our policy on bribery and will report any instances of suspected bribery or corruption within the organisation or any of its business partners.
- C.8 I will ensure that neither I nor someone closely connected to me receives or is seen to receive preferential treatment relating to any services provided by the organisation or its contractors/suppliers. I will declare all interests openly and ensure they are effectively managed to demonstrate this.

Page | 7

⁵ These concerns might include, but are not confined to, suspected fraud, dishonesty, breach of the law, poor practice, non-compliance with regulatory requirements, misconduct, breach of this code.

⁵ Resources include people, equipment, buildings, ICT, funds, knowledge, stationery, transport

D. Objectivity:

You must consider all matters on their merits; you must base your decisions on the information and advice available and reach your decision independently.

- D.1 I will ensure that the decisions that I take are consistent with our aims and objectives and with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements (including those of the Scottish Housing Regulator, the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator, the Financial Conduct Authority and the Care Inspectorate).
- **D.2** I will attend meetings regularly, prepare for them effectively and ensure I have access to all necessary information to enable me to contribute constructively and make well-informed decisions.
- **D.3** I will monitor performance carefully to ensure that the organisation's purpose and objectives are achieved and take timely and effective action to identify and address any weaknesses or failures.
- **D.4** I will use my skills, knowledge and experience to review information critically and always take decisions in the best interests of the organisation, our tenants and our service users.
- **D.5** I will ensure that the Governing Body seeks and takes account of additional information and external/independent and/or specialist advice where necessary and/or appropriate.
- **D.6** I will ensure that effective policies and procedures are implemented so that all decisions are based on an adequate assessment of risk, deliver value for money, and ensure the financial well-being of the organisation.
- **D.7** I will contribute to the identification of training needs, keep my knowledge up to date, and participate in ongoing training that is organised or supported by us.

E. Integrity:

You must actively support and promote our values; you must not be influenced by personal interest in exercising your role and responsibilities.

- **E.1** I will always treat my Governing Body colleagues our staff, our customers and partners with respect and courtesy
- **E.2** I will always conduct myself in a courteous and professional manner; I will not, by my actions or behaviour, cause distress, alarm or offence.
- **E.3** I will publicly support and promote our decisions, actions and activities; I will not, by my actions or behaviour, compromise or contradict the organisation, its activities, values, aims or objectives. I will notify the Chair quickly if I become aware of any situation or event that I am associated with which could affect CHA and/or its reputation
- **E.4** I will fulfil my responsibilities as they are set out in the relevant role description(s); I will maintain relationships that are professional, constructive and that do not conflict with my role as a Governing Body member.
- **E.5** I will comply with, support and promote our policies relating to equalities, diversity, inclusion and human rights
- E.6 I will uphold our whistleblowing and acceptable use⁷ policies.
- **E.6** I will respect confidentiality and ensure that I do not disclose information to anyone who is not entitled to receive it, both whilst I am a member of the Governing Body and after I have left.
- **E.7** I will observe and uphold the legal requirements and our policies in respect of the storage and handling of information, including personal and financial information.

^{7.} This relates to the use of ICT, social media and networking, facilities etc.

F. Accountability

You must take responsibility for and be able to explain your actions, and demonstrate that your contribution to our governance is effective.

- **F.1** I will observe and uphold the principles and requirements of the SHR's Regulatory Framework, and gain assurance that relevant statutory and regulatory guidance and CHA's legal obligations are fulfilled.
- **F.2** I will ensure that we have effective systems in place to monitor and report our performance and that corrective action is taken as soon as the need is identified.
- **F.3** I will contribute positively to our activities by regularly attending and participating constructively in meetings of the Governing Body, its committees and working groups.
- **F.4** I will participate in and contribute to an annual review of the contribution I have made to our governance.
- **F.5** I will ensure that there is an appropriate system in place for the support and appraisal of our Senior Officer and that it is implemented effectively.
- **F.6** I will not speak or comment in public on our behalf without specific authority to do so.
- **F.7** I will co-operate with any investigations or inquiries instructed in connection with this Code whilst I am a Governing Body member and after I have left.
- **F.8** I recognise that the Governing Body as a whole is accountable to its tenants and service users, and I will demonstrate this in exercising my judgement and in my decision-making

G. Leadership:

You must uphold our principles and commitment to delivering good outcomes for tenants and other service users, and lead the organisation by example.

- **G.1** I will ensure that our strategic aims, objectives and activities deliver good outcomes for tenants and service users. I will make an effective contribution to our strategic leadership.
- **G.2** I will ensure that our aims and objectives reflect and are informed by the views of tenants and service users.
- **G.3** I will always be a positive ambassador for the organisation.
- **G.4** I will participate in and contribute to the annual review of the Governing Body's effectiveness and help to identify and attain the range of skills that we need to meet our strategic objectives.
- **G.5** I will not criticise or undermine the organisation, any of its people or our actions in public.
- **G.6** I will not criticise staff in public; I will discuss any staffing related concerns privately with the Chair and/or Senior Officer.
- **G.7** I will not harass, bully or attempt to intimidate anyone.
- **G.8** I will not use social media to criticise or make inappropriate comments about the organisation, its actions or any member of the Governing Body, staff or other partners.
- **G.9** I will not act in a way that could jeopardise our reputation or bring us into disrepute.⁸

^{8.} This includes activities on social media, blogs and networking sites.

4. Breach of this Code

4.1 I recognise that each member of the Governing Body has a personal and individual responsibility to promote and uphold the requirements of this Code. If I believe that I may have breached the Code, or I have witnessed or become aware of a potential breach by another member, I will immediately bring the matter to the attention of the Chair.

5. Acceptance and Signature	
Ihave read and unde	rstood
the terms of this Code of Conduct and I agree to uphold its requirements in activities as a member of our Governing Body. I am aware that I must declar manage any personal interests. I agree to review all relevant Registers rector ensure that all entries relating to me are accurate. I understand that, if found to have breached this Code of Conduct, action will be taken to Governing Body which could result in my removal.	re and gularly f I am
Signed	
Date	

6. Review

This Policy will be reviewed every 3 years or earlier should it be required due to changes in legislation or best practice.

Appendix 1

Supporting Guidance to the Code of Conduct for Governing Body Members

This Guidance has been prepared for members of the Governing Body to support the adoption and explain the terms of our Code of Conduct. All members of the Governing Body must sign the Code of Conduct when they are elected, co-opted or appointed, and then on an annual basis thereafter. References throughout this Code of Conduct (the Code) to 'we', 'us' and 'our' mean Clydebank Housing Association (CHA).

We attach the greatest importance to ensuring that high standards of governance and ethical behaviour are demonstrated by all of our people and in all of our activities. Our Code of Conduct sets out the requirements and expectations which are attached to your role as a member of our Governing Body. You have a personal responsibility to uphold both the spirit and the requirements of our Code.

Our Code of Conduct is an important part of our governance arrangements. It is supported by the Role description which describes your responsibilities as a Governing Body member, and you are responsible for ensuring that you are familiar with the terms of the Code and that you always act in accordance with its requirements and expectations. Governing Body members must always ensure their actions accord with the legal duties of the RSL and with regulatory guidance. You must also ensure you are familiar with any policies which are linked to this code.

If you have any questions about the Code or your role with us, please speak to Lynette Lees, Chief Executive Officer.

As a Registered Social Landlord (RSL), we are required to adopt and comply with an appropriate Code of Conduct⁹. Our Code is based on the Model Code of Conduct produced by the Scottish Federation of Housing Associations (2024), which the Scottish Housing Regulator (SHR) has confirmed fully complies with its regulatory requirements.

You cannot be a member of the Governing Body if you do not agree to adopt our Code of Conduct. To confirm that you understand its requirements and accept its terms, you must review and sign this Code annually. Our rules state that the Governing Body can remove a member who fails to sign the Code of Conduct (Rule 44.5.2). It is a regulatory requirement that our rules enable the Governing Body to take such action.¹⁰

Each year, following the AGM, Governing Body members will be asked to sign and date our Code of Conduct to confirm your commitment to the principles, requirements and expectations that it describes and to meet the requirements of our rules. A copy of our Code, showing your signature throughout your membership of the Governing Body, will be retained by us, in accordance with our Data Protection/Privacy policy.

⁹ Scottish Housing Regulator (2024) Regulatory Framework, Regulatory Standard 5.2

¹⁰ SHR Regulatory Framework (2024) Constitutional Standard 19

Our Code of Conduct applies to all elected, appointed and co-opted members of our Governing Body and its sub-committees.

How the Code is structured

The Code is based on the seven principles which are recognised as providing a framework for good governance. They demonstrate honesty, integrity and probity.¹¹

In the Code, each principle is described, as it applies to the activities of an RSL and its Governing Body Members. This guidance is offered to support the application of the Code of Conduct by providing some illustrations of the practical application of the Code's requirements. It is emphasised that the guidance is not exhaustive.

It must be remembered that Governing Body members and RSLs are always responsible for ensuring that their conduct at all times meets the high standards that the RSL sector is recognised for upholding.

The Principles of the Code

The seven principles of the Code are:

- A. Selflessness
- **B. Openness**
- C. Honesty
- D. Objectivity
- E. Integrity
- F. Accountability
- G. Leadership

The remainder of this guidance offers some illustrations of how each of the principles may be applied to your role as a Governing Body member. There are references throughout to the need for Governing Body members to 'be familiar' with the terms of policies and other documents. This does not mean that you need to know the detailed content of all the documents but rather you should be aware of their key principles and have ready access to them in the event that the detail is necessary.

A. Selflessness

This principle emphasises the importance of Governing Body members acting in our best interests at all times and taking decisions that will support delivery of our objectives. Although individual Governing Body members bring knowledge and experience to their role, you are not a representative for a specific interest or group: your experience and knowledge should inform your contribution to discussion but your decision-making should

¹¹ Committee for Standards in Public Life (May 1995), Nolan Principles

be influenced by our aims and objectives and not individual or specific interests. In practice, this means that you must always make a conscious effort to see the bigger picture and not concentrate just on the issues that are important to you.

A1 refers to upholding our values, which are included at 1.1 in the introduction of our Code.

The principle contains a commitment to always support and uphold the Governing Body decisions and our actions (A3): if a Governing Body member were to actively undermine or publicly contradict or disagree with decisions and/or actions that have been approved and/or accord with approved policy or practice, this may constitute a breach. E3 of the Code contains a parallel commitment: if a decision is taken by the Governing Body that a member fundamentally disagrees with and cannot support, it may be that resignation should be considered if the differences cannot be reconciled. After all, GBMs volunteer for their role because they support the organisation's aims, objectives and activities; if that changes, so too will their commitment and enthusiasm.

This principle is not intended to prevent a Governing Body member from disagreeing with a proposal during a meeting (as part of their role to exercise scrutiny and challenge) or from recording their dissent from a decision; rather it is intended to ensure that no member of the Governing Body actively and/ or publicly undermines the organisation. In practice, this means, for example, that you should not question in public why a decision was taken or publicly disagree with a decision or action or otherwise criticise the organisation. It is only if a Governing Body member actively undermines or disagrees with a decision or action that a breach of the Code may arise. A similar provision is contained in the Code of Conduct for staff. It is important to remember that this principle applies to comments made in person and virtually (e.g. via social media).

A4 specifies that Governing Body members will always be respectful to others: this means, among other things, that you must uphold and be familiar with our policies relating to Equalities, Diversity and Human Rights and Dignity at Work. This requirement relates to all of your engagements with Governing Body colleagues and staff, tenants and customers, partners and agents whether in person or virtually. In practice, this means listening to and considering other views and respecting opinions even if they are very different from your own. It also applies to wider conduct: E1, E2 and E3 are specific about the responsibilities of Governing Body members to ensure that they do not bring the organisation into disrepute. It is important to remember that conduct that wouldn't be considered acceptable face to face will not be acceptable in a virtual environment, either.

The Code stresses that Governing Body members should not stray into operational matters or seek to use their influence (A6) inappropriately or for personal gain. This means that Governing Body members should always refer individual matters relating to themselves or someone they know or in which they have an interest to the relevant member of staff or to the Chief Executive Officer for onward delegation.

B. Openness

This principle sets the framework for ensuring that, in all of our activities and in all your actions, transparency and openness are evident. In practice, this means that you must identify and declare all personal interests which are relevant to our work and to your role

with us. You must be familiar with the process for declaring interests and you must make sure that the Register of Interests is accurate and up to date at all times. You must ensure that you are well informed about our policy on declaring interests, which forms part of our EPB (Entitlements, Payments and Benefits) Policy (B3).

You must always be careful and cautious about how your actions may be viewed by others and take care to avoid anything which could compromise or embarrass you or us (B2). In practice, this means that you cannot accept gifts or hospitality that are not permitted by our Entitlements Payments and Benefits policy (EPB).

B5 reflects the requirements of SHR's regulatory standard 2 by emphasising the importance of Governing Body members being well-informed about the needs and priorities of tenants. In practice, this may include considering information from Tenant Scrutiny groups, monitoring tenant satisfaction and landlord performance data, offering/considering insight provided from tenants' committee perspectives. Governing Body members should use this information to inform their consideration of the business that is brought to the Governing Body.

We are covered by the requirements of the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act and the SHR's Regulatory Framework requires us to be open and accountable for what we do¹². As a member of our Governing Body, you are responsible for ensuring that we comply with these legal and regulatory requirements: in practice, this means monitoring our compliance and ensuring that we communicate openly and respond effectively to tenants, customers, regulators, funders and partners.

The Governing Body should oversee a culture of openness throughout the organisation – in our communications, access to our website, engagement with tenants and customers and willingness to provide information and answer questions. In practice, this means working on the basis that information will be made available unless there is a good reason for it being withheld. At the same time, you must also ensure that confidentiality is respected (B6 and B7 require that information is made available but E6 also requires that confidentiality must be ensured). This means that it is important for Governing Body members to be involved in agreeing the policy framework that supports how we categorise information.

C. Honesty

This principle emphasises the importance of always acting honestly and in good faith in undertaking your role as a Governing Body member; it also supplements the principle of Openness. To uphold this principle, you should ensure that you are familiar with our rules, standing orders and scheme of delegation, as well as our governance policies and procedures (C3). Of course, you should also ensure that you always act and speak honestly and openly.

C4 requires you to be aware of the terms of our Whistleblowing Policy: in practice, this means that the Governing Body, collectively, must be assured that the policy is fit for purpose (SHR has issued Statutory Guidance on Whistleblowing) and that there is regular training provided for Governing Body members and staff on its terms. Governing Body

¹² Regulatory Standard 2 (SHR Regulatory Framework 2024)

members must also ensure that there are effective procedures in place for whistleblowing allegations to be made and investigated, with adequate safeguards in place to protect complainants. Governing Body members have an individual duty to report any concerns that you may have about possible fraud, corruption or wrongdoing (C5 and C7). You must, therefore, be familiar with the terms of our Prevention of Fraud and Bribery Policy. You are expressly forbidden to accept any gifts or other inducements which might create, or be capable of creating, a sense of obligation to another party. Our EPB policy sets out the framework for considering any offers of gifts or hospitality.

C6 stresses your commitment to ensure that our funds and resources are used properly and for legitimate purposes. This means that decisions about what we do and how we act must fit with, amongst other things, our permitted purpose, and objectives, our business plan and the terms of our loans and grant-making authorities.

C8 further emphasises¹³ your responsibility to ensure that neither you nor someone closely connected to you is seen to benefit inappropriately from your role with us and to be very open in declaring all relevant personal interests. In practice, this means ensuring that you are not involved in any decisions which personally impact or affect you or someone you are close to. This does not mean, however, that a GBM who is also one of our tenants cannot be involved in deciding matters that affect all tenants or a large group of tenants (e.g. annual rent increase, establishment of a community resource). It would mean, however, that tenant GBMs cannot be party to strategic decisions involving the future of a group of properties which included their own home (such as demolition on the grounds of safety); in a situation like this, any tenant would make their own representations through the consultation process and not take part in the Board discussion. This restriction also reflects the principle of objectivity, which follows.

D. Objectivity

This principle is about the need to ensure that you make decisions based on an objective consideration of the information that is presented to you in reports. In practice, this means that you must be satisfied that you have access to all of the information you need to fulfil your responsibilities, whilst – at the same time – being mindful of and respecting the distinct roles of Governing Body members (strategic) and senior staff (operational). It also means making sure that you put aside any personal views that you might have.

D1 reflects the provisions of Regulatory Standard 1 by committing Governing Body members to ensuring that decisions are consistent with all legal, constitutional and regulatory requirements. This means that Governing Body members must be familiar with these provisions. Reports should refer and draw attention to the relevant legal, regulatory and financial constraints/conditions, with Minutes recording that these have been adequately considered.

D2 is explicit about the importance of preparing adequately for meetings – our role description contains an indication of the time that is likely to be involved in meeting preparation. Preparation includes reading all of the reports and also accessing any additional information that may be available (e.g. supplementary reports) and which you feel is necessary to enable you to contribute effectively. This might also involve the

¹³ A6 and B3 are also relevant

Governing Body requesting that specialist or independent advice is obtained (D5 and Regulatory Standard 4.1) – and individual members being aware of when it is appropriate and/or necessary to do so (D5).

D6 describes the responsibility of Governing Body members to ensure that the organisation has an effective and robust framework for assessing and managing risk: this includes being satisfied about the delegation of authority, operation and reporting of e.g. the Audit and Risk sub-committee. It also relates to the operation of financial regulations and the effectiveness of financial planning, budget preparation, forecasting and reporting. Regulatory Standard 3 is relevant to this principle.

In order to be objective, Governing Body members must be well-informed about the organisation's business and operating environments as well as the sector and economic policy and strategy contexts. D7 commits Governing Body members to participate in regular training to keep their knowledge up to date. Of course, no one is expected to be an expert in everything but there is an expectation that each Governing Body member will help to identify their own ongoing training needs and the priorities for the Governing Body collectively – this will be an element of the annual review of the Governing Body's effectiveness (as required by Regulatory Standard 6.5.

E. Integrity

This principle focuses on the importance of always acting in our best interests and actively promoting our values, aims and objectives and reflects many of the other principles in the Code.

E1 and E2 echo A4: Governing Body members must be respectful and courteous in all that you do: in practice, this means being prepared to 'agree to disagree' when strong opinions are held and being tolerant of views and perspectives which might be very different from your own. It also means recognising and acknowledging that what's acceptable in terms of language and conduct change and being mindful that differences in cultures, faiths and beliefs can be very significant and sensitive. Equally, it's important to remember that the Code applies in all settings: any conduct that would be questionable in person would also be questionable in a virtual environment.

E3 complements A3 in terms of publicly promoting and supporting us and our activities but it also includes a commitment to notify the Chair as soon as you become aware of anything that might compromise us or our interests. In practice, this might include being associated with, for example, a community council's opposition to a planning application that we have made or being involved in something that may become public and which could embarrass us.

E4 refers to the role descriptions that we have adopted: all Governing Body members must be familiar with the terms of their role description and, for office bearers, there will be more than one. In practice, this principle seeks to ensure that relationships are professional: amicable and constructive with respect for the boundaries between the strategic role of the Governing Body member and the operational responsibilities of senior staff.

E5 complements A4 and is a specific commitment to uphold our Equality, Diversity, Inclusion and Human Rights policies; it reflects our statutory and regulatory duties to

uphold and promote equalities and human rights and to ensure that our policies and practices are informed by our understanding of our tenants' needs and expectations.

E6 is a commitment to uphold our Whistleblowing and acceptable use policies: this reflects the regulatory requirement for us to have a whistleblowing policy and the Regulatory Standard that requires 'clear procedures for employees and governing body members to raise concerns or whistleblow if they believe that there has been fraud, corruption or other wrongdoing within the RSL'¹⁴

E7 and E8 relate to confidentiality and the importance of maintaining it. This applies to the content of reports, discussions at Governing Body and committee meetings and all other business that you have access to in your role as a Governing Body member. Upholding this principle requires you not to discuss anything that is identified as being confidential with anyone who is not entitled to the information; it also means making sure that any documents are stored securely (e.g. by means of passwords on laptops or other devices, in a locked drawer) and that on-line discussions and your contribution to them can't be overheard (e.g. if attending a virtual meeting). In applying this principle, you must also be mindful of our duties in respect of safeguarding personal information i.e. anything from which an individual can be identified.

F. Accountability

This principle is about the importance of taking personal responsibility for your contribution to our governance. In practice, this means being active in your role as a Governing Body member – asking questions, critically reviewing information and monitoring performance and participating in strategy and planning events (F3).

F1 is a specific commitment to upholding legal and regulatory requirements: in practice, this means that you should feel assured and satisfied, as far as you reasonably can, that we are compliant with our legal and regulatory obligations as well as our own internally set standards. Your assurance will come from your participation in our governance – the reports, discussions, external advice and audits that you are asked to consider and which form the evidence for the Governing Body annual Assurance Statement (F2).

As a Governing Body member, you are expected to participate in an annual review of the effectiveness of your own contribution (F4) and of our overall governance (G4). As well as being a principle of the Code, this is also a regulatory requirement (Regulatory Standard 6.3, 6.3).

F6 places a responsibility on each Governing Body member to be assured that there is an effective process in place to appraise the Chief Executive Officer's performance: in practice, this also means ensuring that the Chief Executive Officer is adequately supported as well as being held to account for the achievement of both corporate and individual objectives. Governing Body members must also be satisfied that the Chief Executive Officer's annual appraisal is carried out effectively and that its outcome is reported to the Governing Body.

Our Scheme of Delegation identifies who is authorised to make public comments on our behalf; it is not normally appropriate for an individual Governing Body member to speak in

¹⁴ Regulatory Standard 5.6

public without prior agreement from the Chair. This includes, for example, accepting an invitation to contribute to a conference or event because of your role with us. The Code's principles also extend to social media activities (F6, G8).

F7 is a specific commitment to participate in and co-operate with any investigations that may be instructed relating to the Code, involving you either directly or as a witness. This obligation extends beyond your term of membership of the Governing Body which means that your co-operation may be requested when you are no longer a member of the Governing Body. It is unlikely that you would be asked to contribute to any such investigation more than a year after you have left.

As a RSL, we are accountable to our tenants and service users for our actions: F9 requires Governing Body members to ensure that the best interests of tenants and service users guide planning and decision-making. In practice, this means being informed and taking account of the views of tenants and service users in all aspects of your role and ensuring that reports contain sufficient information to give you assurance that proposals are similarly informed before you make a decision.

G. Leadership

The role of the Governing Body is to lead and direct the organisation to deliver good outcomes for our tenants and service users¹⁵. This section of the Code sets out some specific expectations about that part of your role. It also stresses the importance of Governing Body members leading by example and making a positive and active contribution to our governance (G1, G2).

G3 echoes A3 and E3 by specifying your responsibility to be positive in your support for us and our work. In practice, this means representing us positively both when acting on our behalf and in your wider activities.

G4 complements the individual focus of F4 by being explicit that the governing body should review the overall effectiveness of its governance arrangements: this forms part of our annual review process, which also includes a review of the range of skills, knowledge and experience that the Governing Body collectively needs to fulfil its responsibilities. Governing Body members have a responsibility to contribute to the process of identifying any gaps and the best means of filling them (D7)¹⁶.

G5 supports G3 (and A3 and E3) by being explicit that you should not criticise us, our people or our actions in public. This does not mean that you cannot be critical or raise concerns – that is a key part of your responsibility as a Governing Body member – but you should always be constructive and objective in your challenge and criticism, which should be expressed at meetings and in discussions and with the relevant people, in accordance with our structures and procedures.

G6 is a specific commitment not to criticise or undermine (or appear to undermine) members of staff (individually or collectively) in public (including to e.g. tenants or partners). Any concerns which you have should be raised directly and privately with the Chair of Chief Executive Officer.

¹⁵ Regulatory Standard 1

¹⁶ Regulatory Standard 6.5

G7 echoes provisions in the Staff Code regarding bullying and harassment.

G8 supplements the principle at F7 by making specific reference to social media activity: all of the provisions of the Code apply to your presence on all social media platforms.

As someone who is responsible for leading our organisation, it is essential that Governing Body members are not associated with anything that could compromise us or bring us into disrepute. G9 echoes the provisions that are set out at E3 and E4. In all that you do, you must be mindful of any potential negative impact on us and, if you become aware of anything that could affect us, you must bring it to the attention of the Chair quickly (E3).

Breach of the Code

If a complaint is made or concern is raised that a member of the Governing Body may have breached any part of our Code, the matter will be investigated in accordance with the Protocol which has been approved by the Governing Body. The protocol forms part of our governance policies and is accessible on the CHA intranet on your iPad.

A potential breach will normally be formally investigated. It is the responsibility of the Chair to decide, in consultation with other office bearers, if an internal or an independent investigation should be conducted. A Governing Body member who is the subject of a complaint or concern about a potential breach of our Code is expected to take leave of absence whilst an investigation is carried out: (our Rules allow the Governing Body to require that this happens)¹⁷. Whilst on leave of absence for this reason, a Governing Body member is not entitled to receive any papers or correspondence (other than in relation to the investigation) or to take part in any meetings in their role as a Governing Body member. The requirements of our Code of Conduct continue to apply throughout the term of the leave of absence.

A serious breach of our Code may result in action being taken by the Governing Body to remove the member(s) involved. This is a serious course of action which is provided for in our rules¹⁸. It requires a majority of Governing Body members who attend a special meeting of the Governing Body to support a resolution to remove the member because of their failure to comply with the requirements of the Code or our rules, policies or standing orders. If a Governing Body member is removed as a result of such a resolution, or resigns, having been notified of the Governing Body intention to consider such a resolution, they cannot be re-elected or appointed or co-opted to the Governing Body during the subsequent five year. A Governing Body member who has been removed cannot be elected, appointed or co-opted to the governing body of another RSL during the same period¹⁹.

¹⁷ Rule 37.8

¹⁸ Rule 44.5

¹⁹ Rule 43.1.5 / 43.1.5 /43.1.7

Appendix 2

Protocol for Managing an Alleged/Suspected Breach of Code of Conduct

1. Introduction

1.1 This protocol will be used by CHA to deal with any alleged breaches of our Code of Conduct for Governing Body Members. It is based on the Model Protocol provided by SFHA.

2. Who is Responsible?

- 2.1 The Chair has delegated authority to deal with all potential breaches of the Code, unless the allegation relates to him/her. In that event, the Vice Chair should take on the responsibilities that the protocol allocates to the Chair. It may be necessary to ask other members of the Governing Body to take on responsibilities should the allegation relate to both the Chair and Vice Chair. In exceptional circumstances (for example particularly complex or sensitive issues), it may be helpful for the chair to be supported by the RSL's solicitor or another trusted external adviser. In such circumstances, the solicitor/adviser may by agreement fulfil duties otherwise undertaken by the Chair, but will always be accountable to the Chair and governing body. The references to "Chair" throughout this protocol, as they relate to the investigation and management of complaints, should be interpreted as applying to whoever is charged with carrying out / overseeing the specific responsibilities.
- 2.2 The Chair should consult with other office-bearers (or members of the Governing Body) to instruct, progress and conclude internal and external investigations carried out in accordance with this protocol.
- 2.3 The Scheme of Delegation identifies who has primary responsibility for overseeing the management of alleged breaches of the Code of Conduct. It is important to ensure that anyone who may be called upon to exercise these responsibilities is provided with appropriate training and/or support.
- 2.4 No one who is directly involved in a matter that gives rise to a concern that there may have been a breach of the Code of Conduct should be involved in reviewing or managing/conducting an investigation of the matter. Consequently, it may be necessary to ask other members of the Governing Body to take on the responsibilities that the Protocol allocates to the Chair and other office bearers.
- 2.5 The Chair may seek advice from our solicitors and/or obtain other external support that may be needed in exercising any or all of the responsibilities associated with this protocol.

3. What Constitutes a Breach?

- 3.1 A breach of the Code of Conduct is a potentially serious matter and so any allegation of a breach must be handled and managed carefully. This Protocol is a process that will apply to managing and/or responding to alleged breaches of the Code of Conduct. Breaches can include (but are not limited to):
 - Conduct by a Governing Body member during a meeting (which might involve a member being obstructive, offensive or disregarding the authority of the Chair or failing to observe Standing Orders)
 - Complaints that the conduct of a Governing Body Member has failed to meet the requirements of the Code of Conduct; is contrary to CHA's Values, Rules or policies; threatens the reputation of CHA; risks bringing the organisation into disrepute or undermines CHA and/or its people
 - Inappropriate behaviour towards colleagues, staff, customers or partners
- 3.2 Some complaints and/or concerns may relate to relatively minor matters, whilst other may involve more significant issues. Consequently, it is important to distinguish between issues that might, at least initially, be relatively minor and/or be described as 'performance-related' (e.g. irregular attendance at meetings, regularly disrupting meetings because of mobile phone, failing to prepare for meetings) from unacceptable conduct (such as bullying, offensive or discriminatory behaviour, seeking personal gain / benefit). For these kinds of situations, different approaches are likely to be appropriate, depending on the details of individual circumstances and recognising that it may not always be appropriate to undertake a formal investigation in response to an isolated and/or relatively minor issue (see 4.4 below). Whilst a failure to participate effectively in the RSL's governance is, ultimately, likely to constitute a breach of the Code, it will not be appropriate to resort to that allegation and launch an investigation without, first, engaging with the GBM and seeking to address the issue e.g. by offering additional support.

4. Initial Review to Determine if Further Investigation Required

- 4.1 When a complaint is received or a concern is raised, consideration should be given as to which is the most appropriate course of action just because the Code of Conduct may be referred to does not automatically require a formal investigation. An initial review of the complaint or allegations should enable a decision to be reached on the most appropriate response: those making the decision must be able to explain the reasons for their conclusion. The review should be carried out by those members of the Governing Body appointed in accordance with 2.2 of this Protocol, with support from the Chief Executive Officer if required.
- 4.2 It may be that such a review concludes that there is no substance to the concern or allegation. Depending on the circumstances, it may be appropriate to report the outcome of such a review to the Governing Body. This might be the case, for example, if an anonymous complaint is received which cannot be investigated

because of a lack of information.

- 4.3 Anonymous complaints or allegations can be difficult to resolve but, in the event that anonymous information is received or made known, an initial review should be undertaken to establish whether there is the potential for any substance to the concern. If so, an investigation should be undertaken, although it is recognised that it may not be possible to conclude any such investigation satisfactorily.
- 4.4 Minor issues, actions or conduct at an internal meeting or event are unlikely to constitute a breach of the Code of Conduct that warrant investigation. The Chair (and other office bearers) should exercise their judgement in determining which of the courses of action set out in this Protocol is more appropriate.
- 4.5 Issues or complaints which are dealt with as described above (3.2 4.4) do not constitute Notifiable Events to the SHR.
- 4.6 Where an initial review concludes that further investigation is required, one of the two routes described in this Protocol: Route A and Route B, will be selected by those responsible for dealing with the complaint. The reason(s) for the selected course of action should be recorded as part of the case file, which should be maintained throughout the investigation to ensure there is an audit trail of how the complaint was addressed.
- 4.7 SHR requires that alleged breaches of the Code which are to be investigated under either Route A or Route B must be regarded as Notifiable Events, in accordance with the terms of the SHR's Statutory Guidance. The Chair is responsible for ensuring that the necessary notifications are made to the Scottish Housing Regulator, and that the SHR's requirements (as set out in the relevant guidance²⁰) in terms of reporting the outcome of the investigation are met.

5. Route A

- 5.1 Route A is an internal and informal process to address potential minor breaches. This is intended to be a relatively informal process, used to address e.g. one-off discourtesy at an internal meeting, isolated or uncharacteristic failure to follow policy. If repeated, any action under Route A would be material to the decision about how to respond to subsequent complaints, which would most likely require investigation under Route B (see 5.3 below).
- Alleged breaches that occur during the course of a meeting or other internal event (and which have not happened before) will, unless the Chair believes it to be serious (e.g. offensive language or behaviour), be dealt with by the Chair of the meeting, either during the meeting/event and/or within 24 hours of the meeting. In these circumstances, the Chair (or sub-committee convenor) may ask the member to leave the meeting or a vote may be taken to exclude the member from the rest of the

²⁰ Scottish Housing Regulator (2024) Notifiable Events guidance

meeting. For the avoidance of doubt, any complaint relating to the Chair or Vice-Chair should be investigated in accordance with Route B (see 6.4).

- 5.3 After the meeting, the Chair or sub-committee Convenor will discuss such behaviour with the member and may require the member to apologise or take such other action as may be appropriate (Route A). Where the Chair regards such behaviour as being serious, it should be investigated in accordance with Route B as will repeated incidents of a similar nature.
- 5.4 It may be appropriate for the Chair to record the terms of the discussion in a letter to the Governing Body member e.g. to confirm the provision of training or support or to record a commitment to uphold a specific policy or to record an apology.
- 5.5 It is possible that a concern that it is initially agreed can be addressed via route A ends up being the subject of a formal investigation (Route B), if more significant issues emerge, or actions are repeated.

6. Route B

- 6.1 Route B will involve formal investigation of repeated breaches or an alleged significant/major breach. Investigations may be conducted internally or independently, according to the circumstances and people involved.
- 6.2 An investigation under Route B will usually be overseen by the Chair and another office-bearer or Governing Body member.
- 6.3 The Chair or office-bearer, in consultation with the other office-bearers, will decide whether to instruct an independent investigation or carry out an internal investigation.
- 6.4 In the event that the Chair or other office-bearer is the subject of a complaint, an independent investigation should be conducted, overseen by the Vice-Chair and another Governing Body member.
- 6.5 If the Chair is likely to be involved in an investigation (e.g. as a witness), it will be necessary for the office bearers to consider who should be involved in overseeing the investigation as no one who may be party to the investigation can be responsible for its oversight.
- 6.6 The Chief Executive Officer can support the implementation of the Protocol, including providing advice to the Chair (unless involved in the issue, in which case the role should be assigned to another senior member of staff or to the organisation's solicitor or other specialist adviser).
- 6.7 Our scheme of delegation identifies who has primary responsibility for overseeing the management of alleged breaches of the Code of Conduct (see section 2.3)
- 6.8 Allegations of a potential breach should normally be made to the Chair or, where the complaint relates to the Chair, to another office-bearer. Where a complaint is made to the Chief Executive Officer, the matter should immediately be notified to the Chair or

to another office bearer, if the Chair is involved.

- 6.9 Alleged breaches may be the subject of written complaints or allegations; they may also be witnessed by someone. However the alleged breach is identified, the Chair and Secretary should ensure that there is always a written statement of the complaint or allegation that is used as the basis for the investigation. If no written complaint is made, the statement of the matter should be prepared by someone unconnected to the event/situation (e.g. a verbal complaint made by a Governing Body member should be recorded by someone who was not present when the issue arose this could be a member of staff).
- 6.10 The Governing Body member(s) who is/are the subject of the complaint/allegation that is to be investigated will be notified in writing of the alleged breach within seven working days, either of occurring or of receipt of the complaint. A Governing Body member who is subject to an investigation should take leave of absence until the matter is resolved. Rule 37.8 of the 2020 Model Rules contain the provisions to secure this. The letter will inform the Governing Body member of the nature of the potential breach, making reference to the specific part(s) of the Code that the complaint relates to), the arrangements for the investigation and will advise that leave of absence will be in place for the duration of the investigation. Governing Body members are expected to co-operate with such investigations²¹.
- 6.11 Leave of absence is recommended when a complaint is being investigated, and is especially important in cases where the complaint raises serious issues. Where a complaint is being investigated that relates to a number of GBMs, there may be practical issues to consider for example forming and maintaining a quorum. However, if this is a consideration, there are likely to be significant governance issues that require to be managed and seeking legal advice and/or specialist help is recommended in these circumstances. The Committee must record any decision to grant any leave of absence or not grant a leave of absence.
- 6.12 An alleged breach of the Code of Conduct which is being dealt with via Route B will be notified to the Governing Body, normally by the Chair or Secretary, within seven working days, either of occurring or of receipt of the complaint. The notice (which should be confidential) will not describe the detail of the complaint and will set out the proposed arrangements for investigation, including who will conduct the investigation (if known) and which members of the Governing Body are responsible for its oversight.
- 6.13 The appointment of an external Investigator (when it is decided to be the appropriate response) should be approved by the Governing Body members responsible for overseeing the investigation.
- 6.14 An internal investigation (when it is decided to be the appropriate response) will be carried out by at least two and not more than three Members of the Governing Body, who are not responsible for overseeing the investigation. In selecting the Governing

²¹ Code of Conduct F7

Body members, we will seek to ensure that the investigators represent the profile of the Governing Body.

6.15 Existing and former members of the GB may be identified as being able to contribute relevant information to an investigation: the Code of Conduct requires current and former GBMs to contribute to an investigation and a failure to cooperate (by either the subject of a complaint or a GBM asked to contribute) would, itself, constitute a breach of the Code. Former members of the GB who left more than a year before the complaint is made should not, usually, be approached.

7. Investigation Under Route B

- 7.1 The conduct of an investigation should remain confidential, as far as possible, in order to protect those involved (witnesses, complainant(s)) and the Governing Body member(s) who are the subject of the complaint.
- 7.2 All investigations will be objective and impartial. Investigations will normally be investigated by an independent person, unless it is decided that an internal investigation is appropriate.
 - 7.3 Investigations should not usually take more than six weeks to conclude.
- 7.4 The investigator(s) will be supported by the Chief Executive Officer (or other senior member of staff if the Chief Executive Officer is involved in the complaint). The Chair and other office-bearer, with any support they feel necessary, will brief the agreed advisor/investigator and then consider their recommendations (i.e. the Investigator's recommendations) at the end of the investigation, before reporting to the Governing Body.
- 7.5 All investigations will be the subject of a written brief which sets out the Governing Body's requirements and which includes the statement of the alleged breach (scope, timescale, reporting requirements, access to information etc.). The brief may refer to any action previously taken that is relevant.
- 7.6 All investigations will include at least one interview with the Governing Body member(s) who is/are the subject of the allegation, who will be invited to provide any relevant information. The interview(s) may be conducted face to face or remotely (by telephone or video call). Governing Body members may be accompanied during an interview by a friend (at their request), as a companion to provide support and not to represent. It is not appropriate for another Governing Body member to fulfil this role nor is it appropriate for the RSL to meet any costs (other than reasonable expenses as provided for in the relevant policy) in respect of a companion's attendance.

8. Considering the Outcome of the Investigation

- 8.1 The advisor/investigator will normally present their report to the Governing Body.

 Before doing so, the report will be reviewed by those overseeing the investigation to ensure that the Brief has been met and that the report is adequate to support the Governing Body's consideration and decision making.
- 8.2 The Governing Body member(s) whose conduct is being investigated will not be party to any of the discussions relating to the investigation.
- 8.3 The report will be considered at a meeting of the Governing Body, which may be called specifically for this purpose. It is the responsibility of the Governing Body to consider the report and findings from the investigation and to determine:
 - Whether there has been a breach
 - If there has, how serious a breach it is
 - What action should be taken and the outcomes to be achieved
- 8.4 The Governing Body will report the findings of the investigation and any proposed action to the member concerned, in writing, within seven days of the meeting at which the report of the investigation was considered. The Investigator will be expected to provide written conclusions that can be incorporated into this communication. The Chair should ensure that, in addition to the formal notification, there is personal contact with the GBM(s) whose conduct has been investigated to explain the GB's conclusion, any action and the outcome to be achieved (e.g. training). If the complaint is not upheld, it will be important to make this very clear: it would be appropriate, for example to formally welcome the GBM(s) back from leave of absence at their first meeting.

9. Action to Deal with a Breach

- 9.1 If, following investigation, a breach of the Code is confirmed, the GB should determine what action will be taken in response. This action will reflect the seriousness of the circumstances and will be informed by the findings and recommendaytions of the investigation. Action may take the form of some or all of the following:
 - A discussion with the member concerned (which may be confirmed in a subsequent letter)
 - advice and assistance on how their conduct can be improved
 - the offer of training or other form of support
 - a formal censure (e.g.in the form of a letter setting out the conclusions, expressing concern and specifying that there must be improvement / no repetition etc)
 - a vote to remove the Member from the Governing Body
- 9.2 Where, it is concluded that a serious breach has occurred, the Governing Body may require the member to stand down from their position in accordance with the Rules.
- 9.3 If the Governing Body proposes to remove a member, following investigation, the

member will have the right to address the full Governing Body before their decision is taken at a special meeting called for that purpose. Any such decision must be approved by a majority of the remaining members of the Governing Body in accordance with Rule²² (44.5)

- 9.4 A record of the outcome of an investigation (whether the complaint is upheld or not) will be retained in the Governing Body member's file forat least 12 months.
- 9.5 The outcome of any investigation will be notified to the Scottish Housing Regulator, in accordance with the requirements of the Notifiable Events Statutory Guidance.

10. Definitions

- 10.1 CHA will regard the following actions as a "serious breach" of the Code of Conduct (this list is not exhaustive):
 - Failure to act in our best interests and/or acting in a way that undermines or conflicts with the purposes for which we operate.
 - Support for, or participation in, any initiative, activity or campaign which directly or indirectly undermines or prejudices our interests or those of our service users, or our contractual obligations.
 - Accepting a bribe or inducement from a third party designed to influence the decisions we make.
 - Consistent or serious failure to observe the terms of the Code of Conduct.
 - Serious inappropriate behaviour towards a colleague, member of staff, tenant, customer, partner or stakeholder

11. Approval and Review

11.1 This protocol was approved by the Governing Body of CHA on 26th November 2024.

²² SFHA Model Rules (2020)

Appendix 3

Flowchart Summarising Protocol Process

